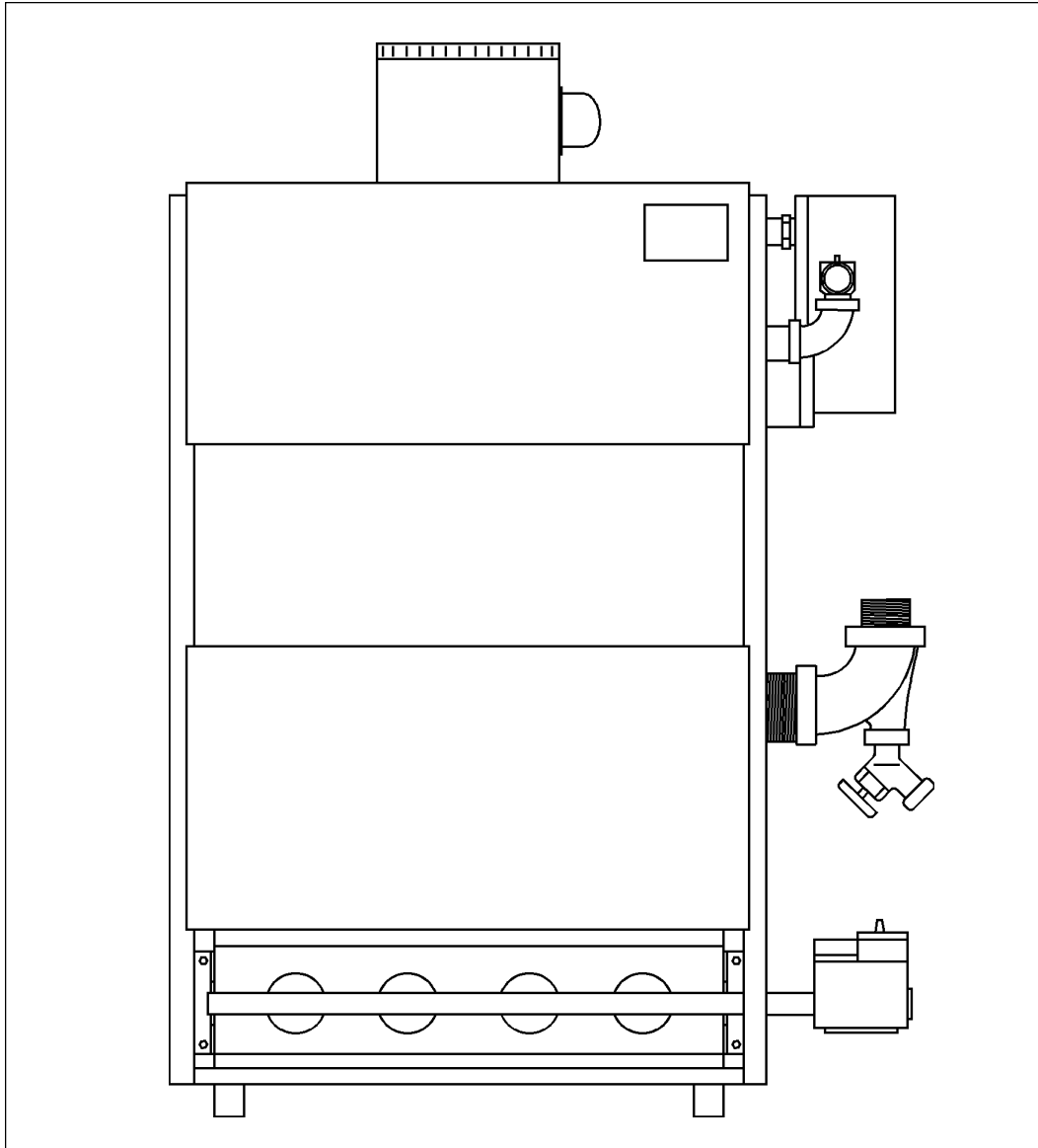


OMGB

GAS FIRED BOILERS
FOR FORCED HOT WATER



Olsen
Heating & Cooling Products

Olsen Technology, Inc. • P.O. Box 900 • Wallaceburg, Ont. N8A5E5

INSTALLATION MANUAL AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Safety Symbols & Warnings	Page 2
Installation Procedure	Page 3
Ventilation and Combustion Air	Pages 4-6
Connecting Supply and Return Piping	Pages 6-9
Vent Installation	Page 9
Vent System modification	Page 10
Vent Damper Installation and Instructions	Page 11
Connecting Gas Service	Page 12
Electrical Wiring	Page 13
Thermostat Installation	Page 13
Lighting Instructions	Pages 13-16
Normal Sequence of Operation	Page 16
General Instructions	Pages 17-19
Checking Gas Input Rate to Boiler	Pages 19-20
Replacement Parts Lists	Pages 20-25
Ratings and Data	Page 26
Dimensions	Page 27

KEEP THIS MANUAL NEAR BOILER
RETAIN FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

SERIES OMGB
CAST IRON
GAS FIRED BOILERS

INSTALLATION MANUAL AND
OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

Published February 1989
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Made In USA



C.S.A. Certified
for Natural gas or Propane



Tested for 100 lbs.
ASME Working
Pressure

Safety Symbols

The following defined symbols are used throughout this manual to notify the reader of potential hazards of varying risk levels.

DANGER

DANGER - Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, WILL result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

WARNING - Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, COULD result in death or serious injury


CAUTION

CAUTION - Indicates a potential hazardous situation which, if not avoided, MAY result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

IMPORTANT! READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE INSTALLING.

WARNING:

1. Keep boiler area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids.
2. **DO NOT** obstruct air openings to the boiler room.
3. Modification, substitution or elimination of factory equipped, supplied or specified components may result in property damage, personal injury or the loss of life.
4. To the owner: Installation and service of this boiler must be performed by a qualified installer.
5. To the installer: Leave all instructions with the boiler for future reference.

 **WARNING:** **ALL INSTALLATIONS OF BOILERS AND VENTING SHOULD BE DONE ONLY BY A QUALIFIED EXPERT AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROPRIATE OLSEN TECHNOLOGY, INC. MANUAL. INSTALLING OR VENTING A BOILER OR ANY OTHER GAS APPLIANCE WITH IMPROPER METHODS OR MATERIALS MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO FIRE OR TO ASPHYXIATION FROM POISONOUS GASES SUCH AS CARBON MONOXIDE WHICH IS ODORLESS AND INVISIBLE.**

INSTALLATION PROCEDURE



WARNING: Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage.

1. The installation must conform to the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction or, in the absence of such requirements, to the latest revision of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223. (Available from the American Gas Association, 8501 E. Pleasant Valley Road, Cleveland, Ohio 44134). Reference should also be made to local gas utility regulations and other codes in effect in the area in which the installation is to be made. When installed in Canada: The latest revision of the CAN1-B149.1 and/or B149.2 Installation Codes for Gas-Burning Equipment and/or local codes.

2. Where required by the authority having jurisdiction, the installation must conform to American Society of Mechanical Engineers Safety Code for Controls and Safety Devices For Automatically Fired Boilers, ANSI/ASME No.CSD-1.

3. This boiler series is classified as a Category 1 and the vent installation shall be in accordance with Part 7 of the National Fuel Gas Code noted above when installed in the United States. In Canada refer to the CAN1-B149.1 and or B149.2 Installation Codes for Gas-Burning Equipment. Also refer to applicable provisions of the local building codes.

4. This boiler has met safe lighting and other performance criteria with the gas manifold and control assembly on the boiler per the latest revision of ANSI Z21.13/CGA 4.9.

5. The boiler shall be installed such that the gas ignition system components are protected from water (dripping, spraying, rain, etc.) during appliance operation and service, (circulator replacement, condensate trap, control replacement, etc.).

6. LOCATE BOILER on level, solid base as near the chimney as possible and centrally located with respect to the heat distribution system as practical.

7. Allow 24 inches at the front and right side for servicing and cleaning.

8. When installed in a utility room, the door should be wide enough to allow the largest boiler part to enter, or to permit replacement of another appliance such as a water heater.

9. FOR INSTALLATION ON NON-COMBUSTIBLE FLOORS ONLY . For installation on combustible flooring special base part no. 325-2-8.00 must be used. The boiler can not be installed on carpeting. Minimum clearances to combustible construction are:

TOP	18 IN.
FRONT	ALCOVE
FLUE CONNECTOR	6 IN.
REAR	4 IN.
CONTROL SIDE	9 IN.
OTHER SIDE	3 IN.

NOTE: Greater clearances for access should supersede fire protection clearances.

VENTILATION & COMBUSTION AIR

⚠ WARNING: AIR OPENINGS TO COMBUSTION AREA MUST NOT BE OBSTRUCTED. BY FOLLOWING THE INSTRUCTIONS BELOW, ADEQUATE COMBUSTION AIR CAN BE MAINTAINED

COMBUSTION AIR REQUIREMENTS (MINIMUM SQUARE INCHES OPENING)				
MODEL NUMBER OMGB	* UNCONFINED AREA		** CONFINED AREA	
	OUTSIDE COMBUSTION AIR 1 SQ. IN. /5000 BTU/HR (SEE FIG. 4)	INSIDE COMBUSTION AIR 1 SQ. IN. /1000 BTU/HR (SEE FIG. 3)	OUTSIDE COMBUSTION AIR	
			VERTICAL DUCTS 1 SQ. IN. /4000 BTU/HR	HORIZONTAL DUCTS 1 SQ. IN. /2000 BTU/HR
OMGB 38	8	100	10	19
OMGB 50	10	100	13	25
OMGB 75	15	100	19	38
OMGB 100	20	100	25	50
OMGB 125	25	125	32	63
OMGB 150	30	150	38	75
OMGB 175	35	175	44	88
OMGB 200	40	200	50	100
OMGB 225	45	225	57	113
OMGB 275	55	275	69	138
OMGB 300	60	300	75	150

* **Unconfined area:** A space whose volume is not less than 50 cubic feet per 1000 BTU per hour of all appliances installed in that space (cubic feet of space = height x width x length).

** **Confined area:** A space whose volume is less than 50 cubic feet per 1000 BTU per hour of all appliances installed in that space (cubic feet of space = height x width x length).

1. Ventilation of the boiler room must be adequate to provide sufficient air to properly support combustion per the latest revision of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 section 5.3.

2. When a boiler is located in an unconfined space in a building or conventional construction frame, masonry or metal building, infiltration normally is adequate to provide air for combustion and ventilation. However, if the equipment is located in a building of unusually tight construction (See the national Fuel Gas Code, Ansi Z223.1 section 1.7), the boiler area should be considered as a confined space. In this case air for combustion and ventilation shall be provided according to part 5 on page 5. If there is any doubt, install air supply provisions in accordance with the latest revision of the National Fuel Gas Code.

3. When a boiler is installed in an unconfined space, in a building of unusually tight

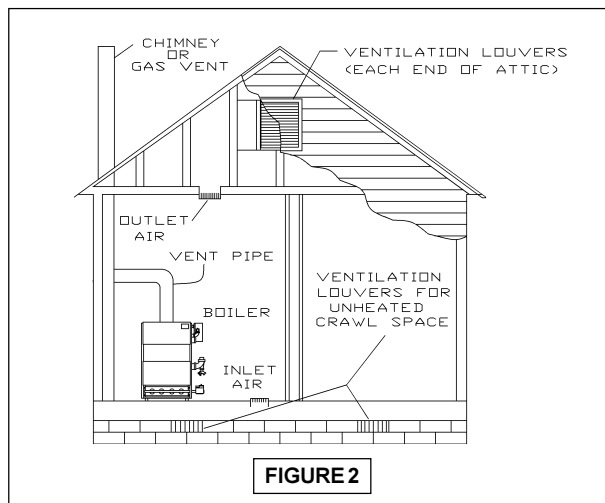
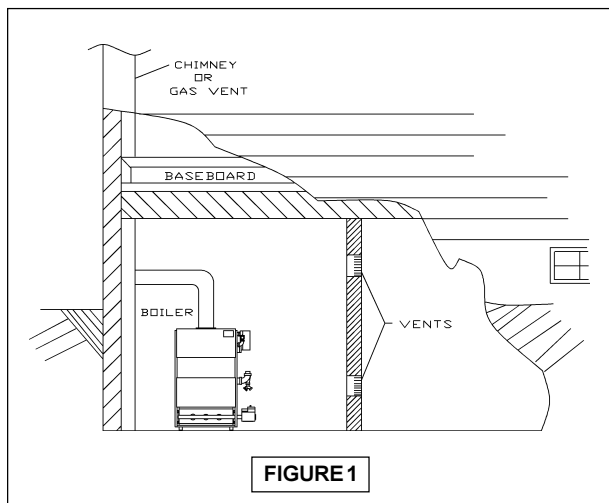
construction, air for combustion and ventilation must be obtained from outdoors or from spaces freely communicating with the outdoors. A permanent opening or openings having a total free area of not less than 1 square inch per 5,000 BTU per hour of total input rating of all appliances shall be provided. Ducts may be used to convey makeup air from the outdoors and shall have the same cross-sectional area of the openings to which they are connected.

4. When air for combustion and ventilation is from inside buildings, the confined space shall be provided with two permanent openings, one starting 12 inches from the top and one 12 inches from the bottom of the enclosed space. Each opening shall have a minimum free area of 1 square inch per one thousand (1000) BTU per hour of the total input rating of all appliances in the enclosed space, but must not be less than one hundred (100) square inches. These openings must freely communicate directly with other spaces of sufficient volume so that the combined volume of all spaces meets the criteria for an unconfined space.

5. When the boiler is installed in a confined space and all air is provided from the outdoors the confined space shall be provided with one or two permanent openings according to methods A or B. When ducts are used, they shall be of the same cross sectional area as the free area of the area of the openings to which they connect. The minimum dimension of rectangular air ducts shall be not less than 3 x 3 inches or 9 square inches.

A. When installing two openings, one must commence within 12 inches from the top and the other within 12 inches from the bottom of the enclosure. The openings shall communicate directly, or by ducts, with the outdoors or spaces (crawl or attic) that freely communicate with the outdoors. One of the following methods must be used to provide adequate air for ventilation and combustion.

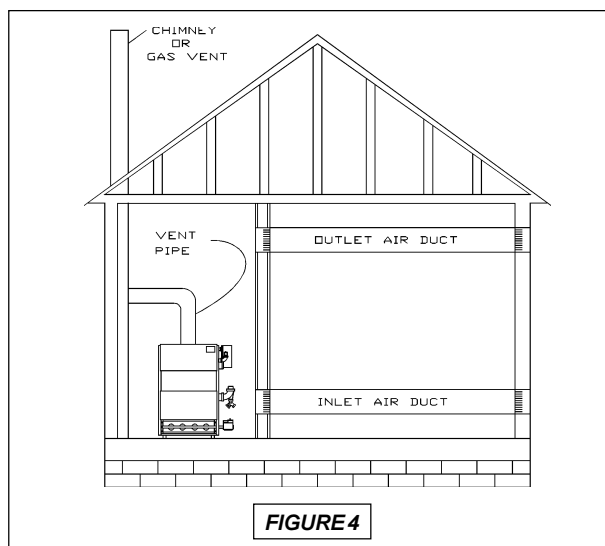
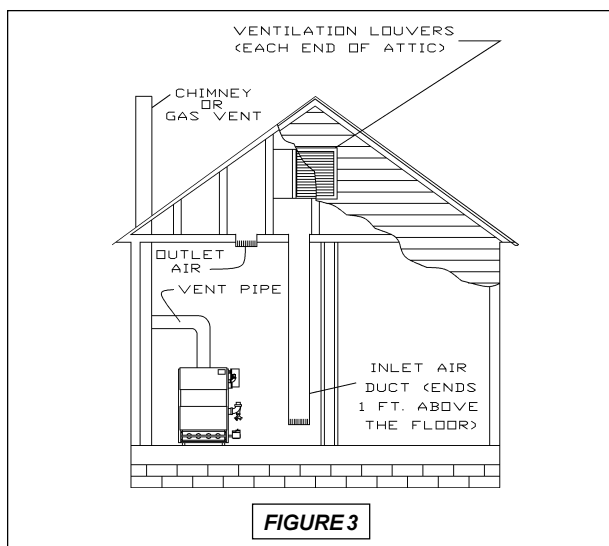
1. When directly communicating with the outdoors, each opening shall have a minimum free area of 1 square inch per 4,000 BTU per hour of total input rating of all equipment in the enclosure. See figure 2 below.



2. When communicating with the outdoors by means of vertical ducts, each opening shall have a minimum free area 1 square inch per 4,000 BTU per hour of total input rating of all appliances in the enclosed space. See figure 3 on page 6.

3. If horizontal ducts are used, each opening and duct shall have a minimum free area 1 square inch per 2,000 BTU per hour of total input rating of all appliances in the enclosed space. See figure 4 on page 6.

B. One permanent opening, commencing within 12 inches of the top of the enclosure,



shall be permitted where the equipment has clearances of at least 1 inch from the sides, 1 inch from the back, and 6 inches from the front of the boiler. The opening shall directly communicate with the outdoors or shall communicate through a vertical or horizontal duct to the outdoors or spaces (crawl or attic) that freely communicate with the outdoors. The openings must have a minimum free area of 1 square inch per 3000 Btu per hour of the total input rating of all equipment located in the enclosure. The free area must be no less than the sum of the areas of all vent connectors in the confined space.

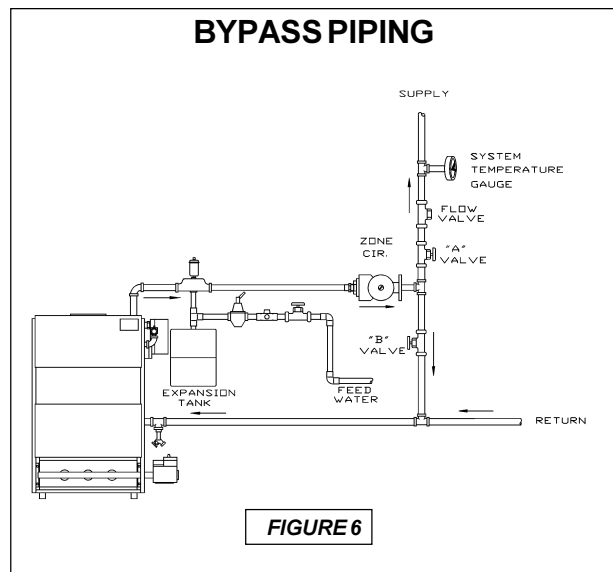
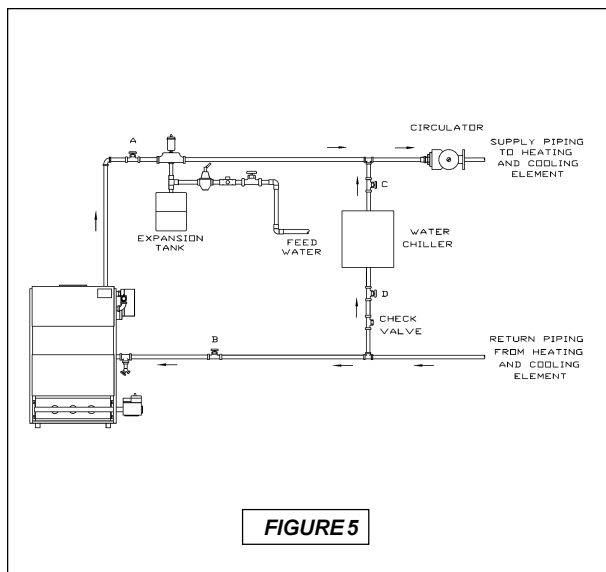
6. In calculating free area using louvers, grilles or screens for the above, consideration shall be given to their blocking effect. Screens used shall not be smaller than 1/4 inch mesh. If the free area through a design of louver or grill is known, it should be used in calculating the size opening required to provide the free area specified. If the design and free area is not known, it may be assumed that wood louvers will have 20-25% free area and metal louvers and grilles will have 60-75% free area. Louvers and grilles should be fixed in the open position or interlocked with the boiler so they are opened automatically during the boiler operation.

CONNECTING SUPPLY AND RETURN PIPING

1. Connect supply and return piping as suggested in figure 5 on page 7, when the boiler is used in connection with refrigerated systems.

- A. The chilled medium **MUST BE PIPED IN PARALLEL** with the boiler.
- B. Use appropriate valves to prevent the chilled medium from entering the heating boiler.
 - a. During heating cycle open valves A and B, close valves C and D.
 - b. During cooling cycle, open valves C and D, close valves A and B.
- C. Maintain a minimum clearance of one inch to hot water pipes.

2. When the boiler is connected to heating coils located in air handling units where they may be exposed to refrigerated air circulation, the boiler piping system **MUST BE** supplied with flow control valves or other automatic means to prevent gravity circulation of the boiler water during the cooling cycle.



3. Hot water boilers installed above radiation level must be provided with a low water cut-off device.

4. When a boiler is connected to a heating system that utilizes multiple zoned circulators, each circulator must be supplied with a flow control valve to prevent gravity circulation.

5. Hot water boilers and system must be filled with water and maintained to a minimum pressure of 12 pounds per square inch.

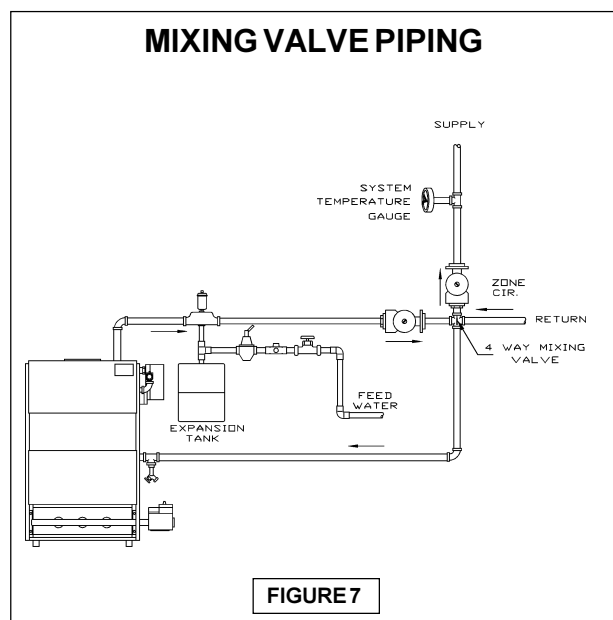
6. Bypass piping is an option which gives the ability to adjust the supply boiler water temperature to fit the system or the condition of the installation. This method of piping, however, is not typically required for baseboard heating systems. Typical installations where bypass piping is used are as follows:

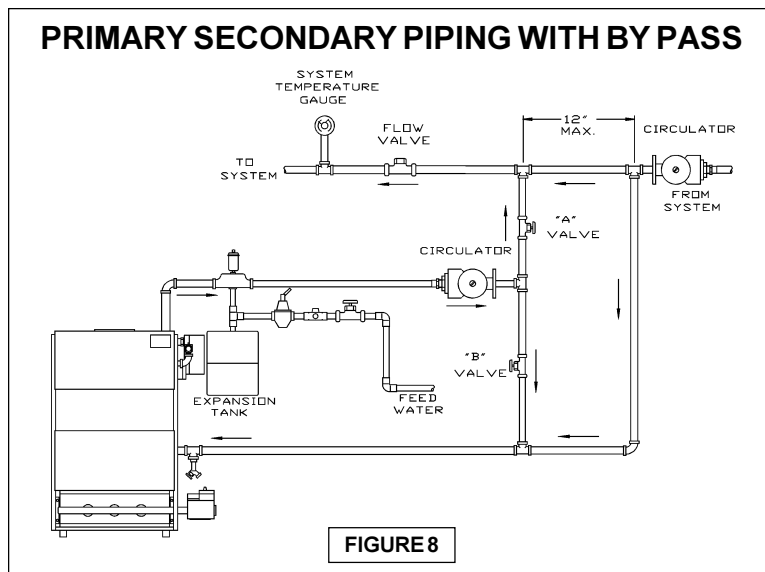
A. This method is used to protect boilers from condensation forming due to low temperature return water. Generally noticed in large converted gravity systems or other large water volume systems. See figure 6 above.

B. These methods are used to protect systems using radiant panels and the material they are encased in from high temperature supply water from the boiler and protect the boiler from condensation. See figure 7 at right and 8 on page 8.

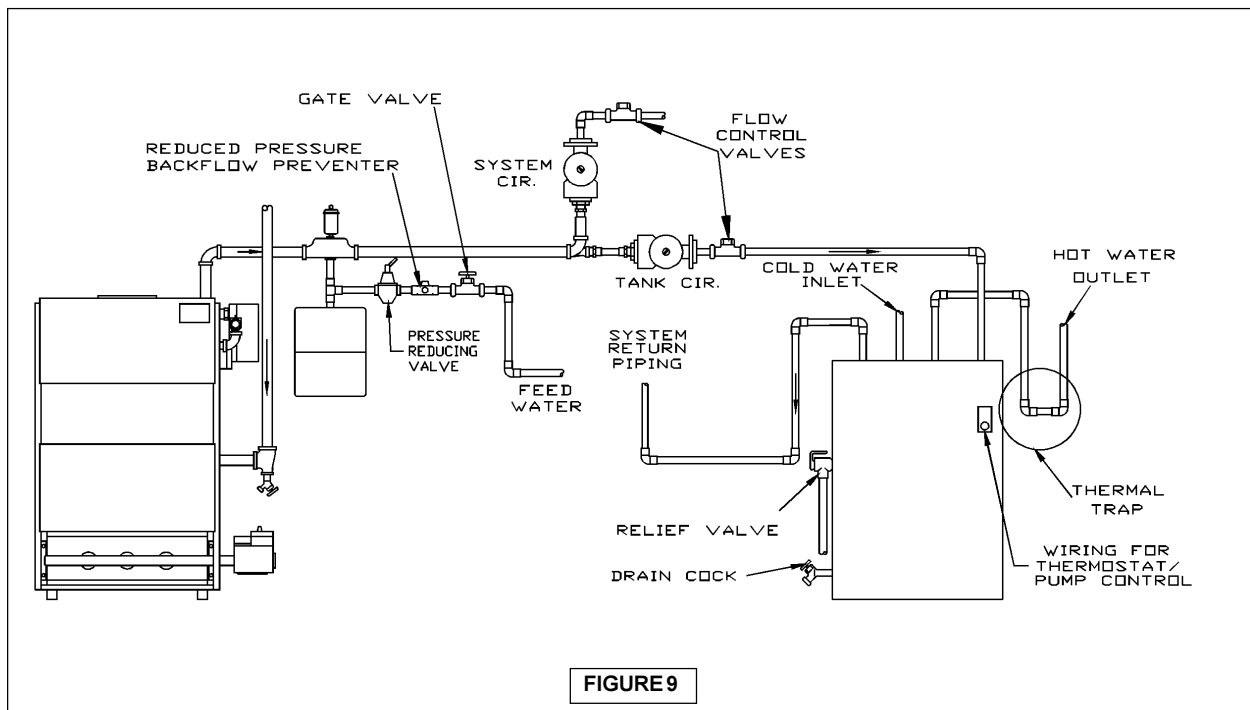
NOTE 1: When using bypass piping, adjust valves A and B until desired system temperature is obtained.

NOTE 2: Bypass loop must be same size piping as the supply and return piping.



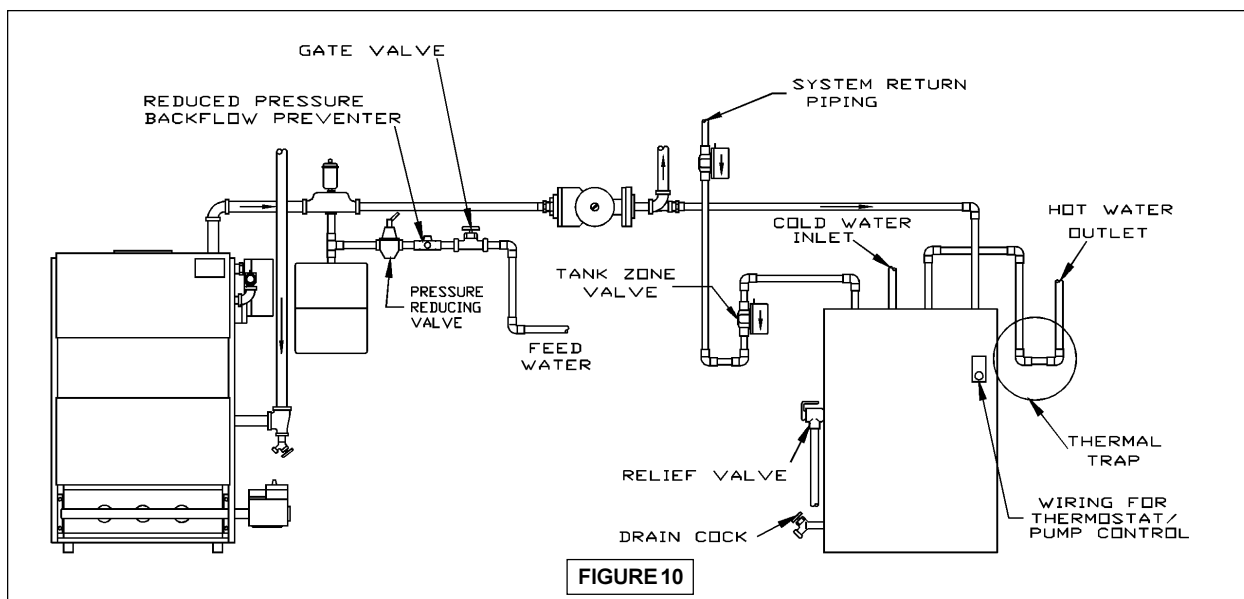


7. Installation using circulators is shown in figure 9 below.



8. Installation using zone valves is shown in figure 10 on page 9.

9. For further piping information refer to the I=B=R Installation and Piping Guide.



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VENT INSTALLATION

⚠ WARNING: This boiler shall not be connected to any portion of a mechanical draft system operating under positive pressure.

1. The vent pipe must slope upward from the boiler not less than 1/4 inch for every 1 foot to the vent terminal.
2. Horizontal portions of the venting system shall be supported rigidly every 5 feet and at the elbows. No portion of the vent pipe should have any dips or sags.
3. This boiler series is classified as a Category 1 and the vent installation shall be in accordance with chapter 7 and 10 of the National Fuel Gas Code noted above or applicable provisions of the local building codes.
4. Inspect chimney to make certain it is constructed according to NFPA 211. The vent or vent collector shall be Type B or metal pipe having resistance to heat and corrosion not less than that of galvanized sheet steel or aluminum not less than 0.016 inch thick (No. 28 Ga).
5. Connect flue pipe from draft hood to chimney. Bolt or screw joints together to avoid sags. Flue pipe should not extend beyond inside wall of chimney. Do not install manual damper in flue pipe or reduce size of flue outlet except as provided by the latest revision of ANSI Z223.1. Protect combustible ceiling and walls near flue pipe with fireproof insulation. Where two or more appliances vent into a common flue, the area of the common flue must be at least equal to the area of the largest flue plus 50 percent of the area of each additional flue.

VENT SYSTEM MODIFICATION

When an existing boiler is removed from a common venting system, the common venting system is likely to be too large for the proper venting of the appliances remained connected to it. If this situation occurs, the following test procedure must be followed:

REMOVAL OF BOILER FROM VENTING SYSTEM

At the time of removal of an existing boiler, the following steps shall be followed with each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system placed in operation, while the other appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are not in operation.

A. Seal an unused opening in the common venting system.

B. Visually inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch and determine there is no blockage or restriction, leakage, corrosion and other deficiencies which could cause an unsafe condition.

C. Insofar as is practical, close all building doors and windows and all doors between the space in which the appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are located and other spaces of the building. Turn on clothes dryers and any other appliance not connected to the common venting system. Turn on any exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhausts, so they operate at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan. Close fireplace dampers.

D. Place in operation the appliance being inspected. Follow the lighting instructions. Adjust thermostat so appliance will operate continuously.

E. Test for spillage at the draft hood relief opening after 5 minutes of main burner operation. Use the flame of a match or candle, or smoke from a cigarette, cigar or pipe.

F. After it has been determined that each appliance remaining connected to a common venting system properly vents when tested as outlined above, return doors, windows, exhaust fans, fireplace dampers and any other gas burning appliances to their previous condition of use.

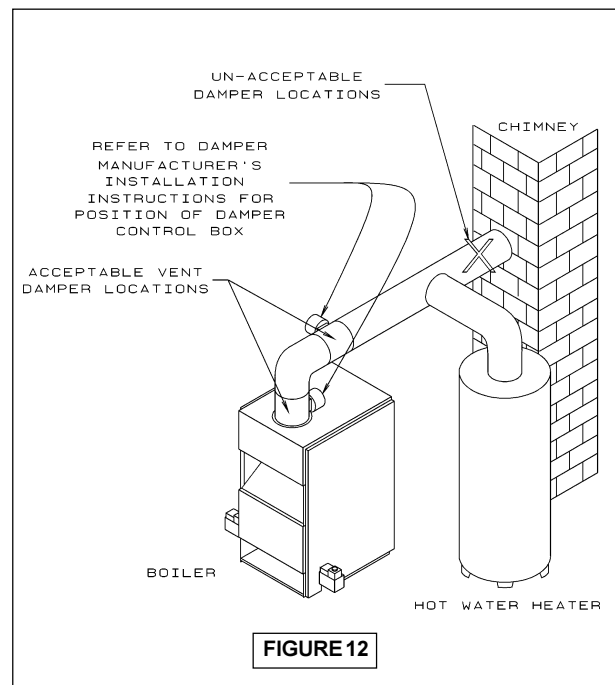
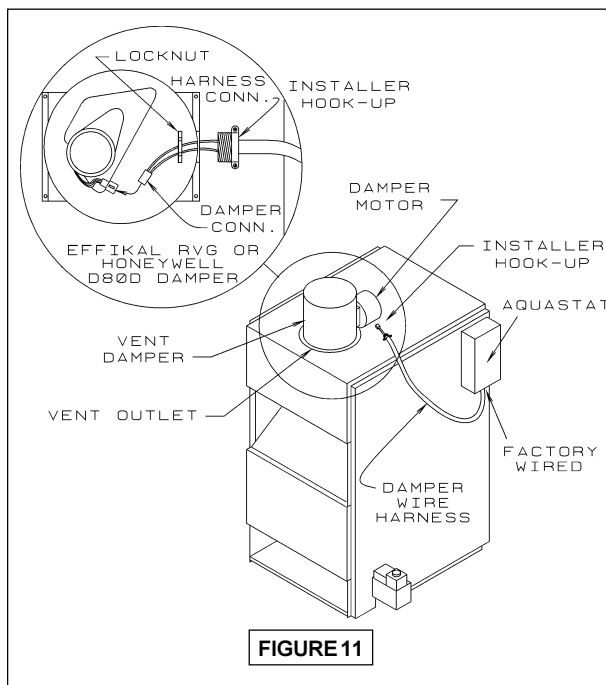
G. Any improper operation of the common venting system should be corrected so the installation conforms with the latest revision of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1. When resizing any portion of the common venting system, the common venting system should be resized to approach the minimum size as determined using the appropriate tables in appendix G in the latest revision of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.

VENT DAMPER INSTALLATION AND INSTRUCTIONS

INSTALLATION

NOTE: Refer to Figure 11 for steps 1 - 7.

1. Place Vent Damper on or as close to vent outlet of boiler as possible. See figure 12 below.
2. Remove Vent Damper Motor cover.
3. Remove locknut from connector at the end of the Damper wire harness.
4. Feed Damper and Damper wire harness connectors through bracket hole on Damper Motor frame.
5. Replace and tighten locknut onto Damper wire harness connector,
6. Plug Damper connector into socket on Damper Motor frame.
7. Replace Damper Motor cover.
8. Wire Damper in accordance with figure 11 below.



INSTRUCTIONS

1. Ensure that only the boiler is serviced by the Vent Damper. See Figure 12, above.
2. Clearance of not less than 6 inches between Vent Damper and combustible material must be maintained. Additional clearance should be allowed for service of Vent Damper.
3. Vent Damper must be in the open position when appliance main burners are operating.
4. The Vent Damper position indicator must be in a visible location following installation.
5. The thermostat's heat anticipator must be adjusted to match the total current draw of all controls associated with the boiler during a heating cycle.

CONNECTING GAS SERVICE

1. Connect gas service from meter to control assembly in accordance with ANSI Z223.1 and local codes or utility. A ground joint union should be installed for easy removal of gas control for servicing. A drip leg or trap must be installed at the bottom of a vertical section of piping at the inlet to the boiler. A pipe compound resistant to the action of liquified petroleum gases must be used on all threaded pipe connections. Check with the local utility for location of manual shutoff valve if required. See figure 13 below.

2. The gas line should be of adequate size to prevent undue pressure drop and never smaller than the pipe size of the main gas control valve. See chart below.

3. To check for leaks in gas piping, use a soap and water solution or other approved method.

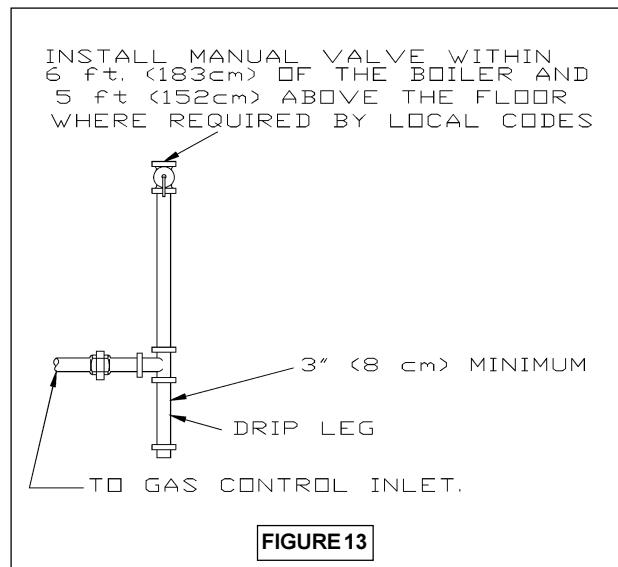
! WARNING: DO NOT USE AN OPEN FLAME.

4. Disconnect the boiler from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of the gas piping. After reconnecting, leak test the gas connection and boiler piping before placing the boiler back into operation.

Maximum Capacity of Pipe in
Cubic Feet of Gas Per Hour
(Gas pressure = 0.5 psig or less, pressure drop =
.5 in.w/c)

Nominal Iron Pipe Size	Length of Pipe (Feet)						
	10'	20'	30'	40'	60'	80'	100'
1/2"	175	120	97	82	66	57	50
3/4"	360	250	200	170	138	118	103
1"	680	465	375	320	260	220	195
1.1/4"	1400	950	770	660	530	460	400

For additional information refer to "Table C" of the National Fuel Gas Code Handbook.



ELECTRICAL WIRING

SEE ADDENDUM " A " FOR WIRING DIAGRAMS AND COMPONENT CODING.

Electrical wiring must conform with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA No. 70-1990 when installed in the United States, the CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code, Part 1, when installed in Canada, and/or the local authority having jurisdiction.



WARNING: 1. When an external electrical source is utilized, the boiler, when installed **MUST BE** electrically grounded in accordance with these requirements.

2. Install a fused disconnect switch between boiler and meter at a convenient location.

THERMOSTAT INSTALLATION

1. Thermostat should be installed on an inside wall about four feet above the floor.

2. **NEVER** install a thermostat on an outside wall.

3. Do not install a thermostat where it will be affected by:

- A. Drafts
- B. Hot or Cold Pipes
- C. Sun Light
- D. Lighting Fixture
- E. Television
- F. A Fireplace or Chimney

4. Check thermostat operation by raising and lowering thermostat setting as required to start and stop the burners.

5. Instructions for the final adjustment of the thermostat are packaged with the thermostat (adjusting heating anticipator, calibration, etc.)

LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING: IF YOU DO NOT FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS EXACTLY, A FIRE OR EXPLOSION MAY RESULT CAUSING PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

Before any procedures are attempted on this appliance, it is necessary to determine if the ignition system is electric or standing pilot. If you are un-certain, contact the manufacturer before proceeding.



CAUTION: Before lighting any type of pilot burner (standing or intermittent), make certain the hot water boiler and system are full of water to minimum pressure of 12 lbs. per square inch in the system, and also make certain that the system is vented of air. Set the operating control of thermostat to a "below" normal setting. Refer to the following appropriate lighting instruction.

LIGHTING PROCEDURE FOR BOILER WITH INTERMITTENT PILOT SYSTEMS. FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE OPERATING.

A. This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the pilot. Do not try to light the appliance by hand.

B. Before operating, smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

! CAUTION: WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- * Do not try to light any appliance.
- * Do not touch any electrical switches; do not use any phones in your building.
- * Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- * If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it. Call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.

D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS FOR INTERMITTENT PILOT SYSTEMS


1. **STOP!** Read the safety information in the User's Information Manual.
2. Set the thermostat to lowest setting.
3. Turn off all electric power to the appliance.
4. This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the pilot. Do not try to light the pilot by hand. See figure 14 below.

5. Remove access panel.

6. Turn gas control knob clockwise  to "OFF".

7. Wait (5) minutes to clear out any gas.

If you then smell gas, **STOP!** Follow "What To Do If You Smell Gas" in the safety information above. If you don't smell gas, go on to the next step.

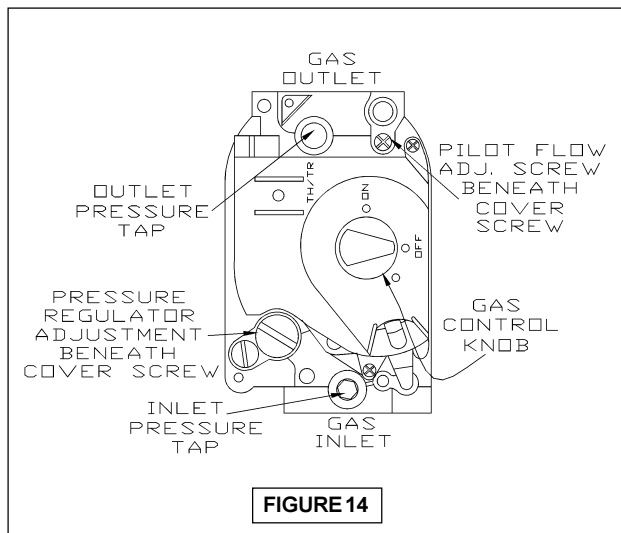
8. Turn gas control knob counterclockwise to  "ON".

9. Replace access panel.

10. Turn on all electric power to the appliance.

11. Set thermostat to desired setting.

12. If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "To turn off gas to appliance", on page 16, and call a qualified service technician or your gas supplier.




LIGHTING PROCEDURE FOR BOILER WITH CONTINUOUS PILOT

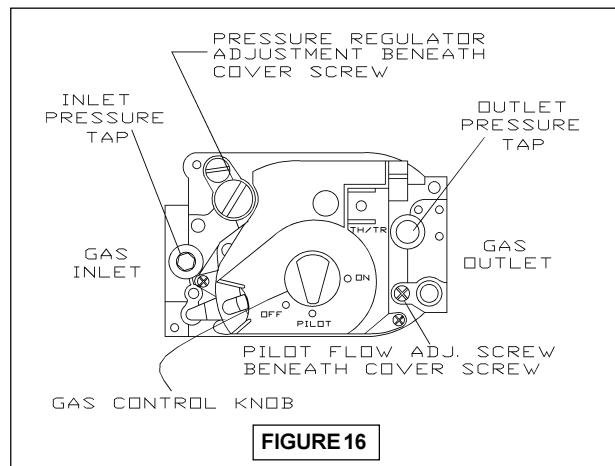
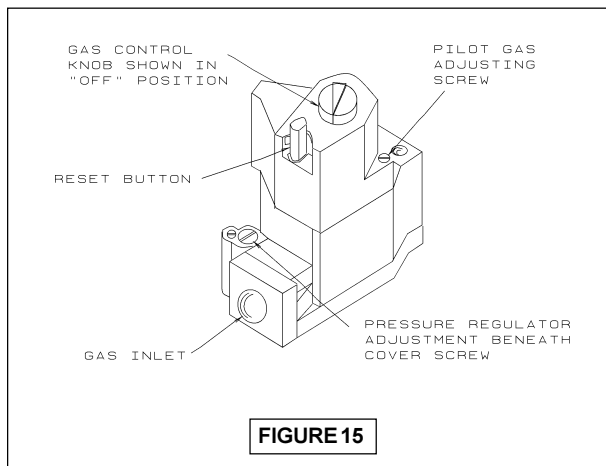
FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING


- A. Read the warning at the beginning of the LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS. (Page 13)
- B. This appliance has a pilot which must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.
- C. Before lighting, smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor. See page 14 for **WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS.**
- D. Use only your hand to push in or turn gas control knob or reset button. Never use tools. If the knob or reset button will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- E. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONTINUOUS PILOT

1. **STOP!** Read the safety information at the beginning of these instructions.
2. Set the thermostat to the lowest setting.
3. Turn off all electric power to the appliance.
4. Remove access panel and burner door.
5. Turn gas control knob clockwise  to "OFF". See figure's 15 & 16 below.


NOTE #1: Some gas control knobs cannot be turned from "PILOT" to "OFF" unless knob is pushed in slightly. **DO NOT FORCE.**



6. Wait (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, STOP! Follow "What To Do If You Smell Gas", on page 14. If you don't smell gas, go to the next step.
7. Find pilot. Follow metal tube from gas control. Depending on the model of the boiler, pilot is either mounted on the base or on one of the burner tubes.
8. Turn gas control knob counterclockwise  to "PILOT".

9. Push in gas control knob or reset button if so equipped, all the way in and hold. Immediately light the pilot with a match. Continue to hold the gas control knob or reset button in for about 1 minute after the pilot is lit. Release knob or button, and it will pop up back up. Pilot should remain lit. If it goes out, repeat steps 5 through 9.

* If knob or button does not pop up when released, stop and immediately call a qualified service technician or your gas supplier.

* If the pilot will not stay lit after several tries, turn the gas control knob clockwise  to "OFF". (See note #1), and call a qualified service technician or your gas supplier.

10. Replace burner door.

11. Turn gas control knob counterclockwise  to "ON".

12. Replace access panel.


13. Turn on all electric power to the appliance.

14. Set thermostat to desired setting.

TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

1. Set the thermostat to lowest setting.

2. Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed.

3. Push in gas control knob slightly and turn clockwise  to "OFF", **DO NOT FORCE.**

5. Call a qualified service technician.

NORMAL SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

On a call for heat, the thermostat will actuate, completing the circuit to the aquastat. The completed circuit to the aquastat will first activate the circulator and damper which will close an end switch inside the damper. This action will complete the circuit to the ignition system and ignition will take place.

In the event the boiler water temperature exceeds the high limit setting on the boiler mounted aquastat, power will be interrupted between the aquastat and the ignition system. The power will remain off until the boiler water temperature drops below the high limit setting. The circulator will continue to operate under this condition until the thermostat is satisfied.

In the event the flow of combustion products through the boiler venting system becomes blocked, the blocked vent safety switch will shut the main burner gas off. See figure 18, page 17. Similarly, if the boiler flueway becomes blocked, a flame rollout safety switch will shut the main burner gas off. See figure 18, page 17. If either of these conditions occur, **do not attempt to place the boiler back into operation. Contact a qualified service agency.**

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Before seasonal start-up, have a competent service agency check the boiler for soot and scale in the flues, clean the burners and check the gas input rate to maintain high operating efficiency.

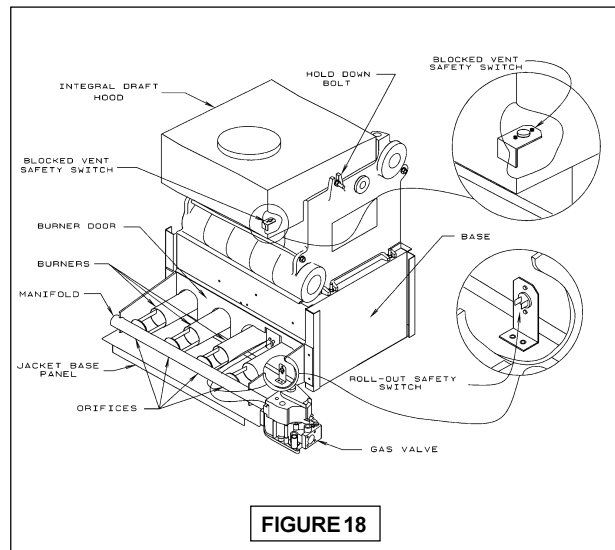
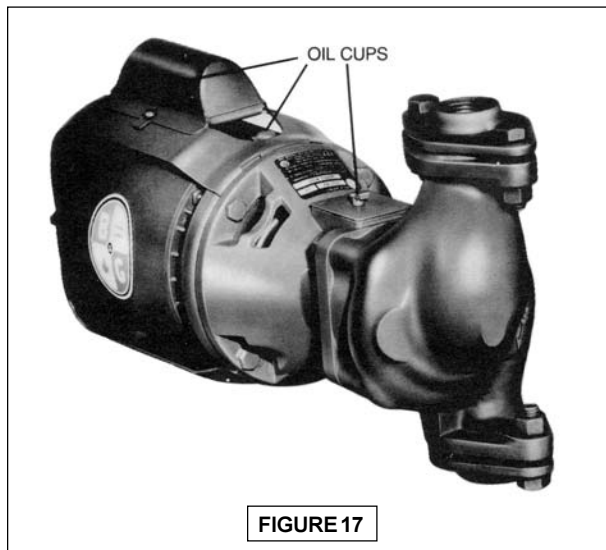
CAUTION: Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.

Verify proper operation after service.

The service agency or owner should make certain the system is filled with water to minimum pressure and open air vents, if used, to expel any air that may have accumulated in the system. Check the entire piping system and if any leaks appear, have them repaired.

Many circulators like the one pictured in figure 17 below, require periodic servicing. The motor usually has openings at each end to lubricate the bearings. Put about one half teaspoon of SAE 20 or 30 non-detergent motor oil in each opening twice a year.

CAUTION: DO NOT OVER OIL.



Many circulators have an oil opening for the shaft bearing. This should be oiled at the same time for quiet operation. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for oiling the shaft bearing.

The venting system should be inspected at the start of each heating season. Check the vent pipe from the boiler to the chimney for signs of deterioration by rust or sagging joints. Repair if necessary. Remove the vent pipe at the base of the chimney or flue and using a mirror, check vent for obstruction and make certain the vent is in good working order. The boiler flue gas passageways may be inspected by a light and mirror. Remove the burner door, figure 18. Place a trouble lamp in the flue collector through the draft relief opening. With

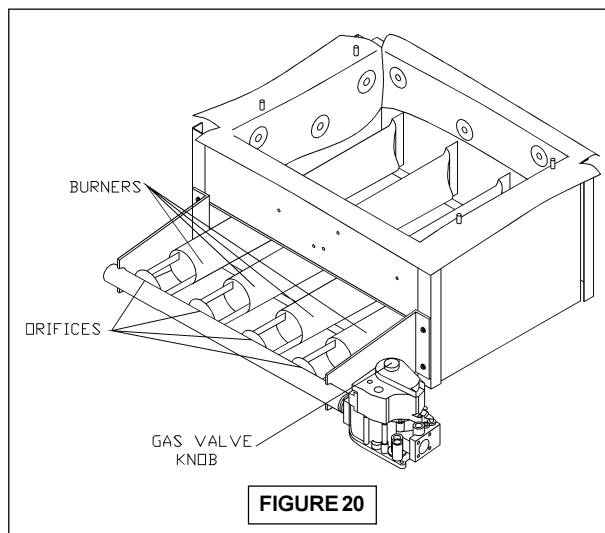
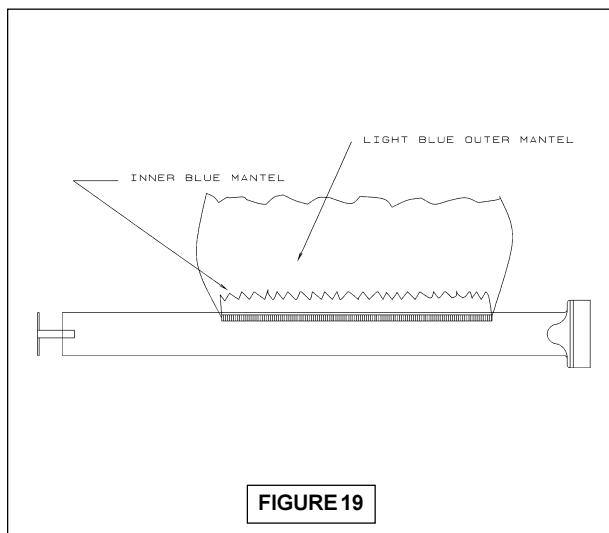
the mirror positioned above the burners, the flue gas passageways can be checked for soot or scale.

The following procedure should be followed to clean the flue gas passageways:



1. Remove the burners from the combustion chamber by raising the burners up from the manifold orifices and pulling toward the front of the boiler. See figure 18 on page 17.
2. Disconnect the vent pipe from the draft hood.
3. Remove the top jacket panel.
4. Remove the combination flue collector and draft hood from the boiler castings by loosening the nuts on the hold down bolts located on each side of the collector. See figure 18 on page 17.
5. Place a sheet of heavy paper or similar material over the bottom of the base and brush down the flue passageways. The soot and scale will collect on the paper and is easily removed with the paper.

With the paper still in place in the base, clean the top of the boiler castings of the boiler putty or silicone used to seal between the castings and flue collector. Make certain that chips are not lodged in the flue passageways.

When the cleaning process is complete, restore the boiler components to their original position. Use boiler putty or IS-808 GE silicone, available from a Olsen Technology, Inc. distributor, to seal around the flue collector and boiler castings.



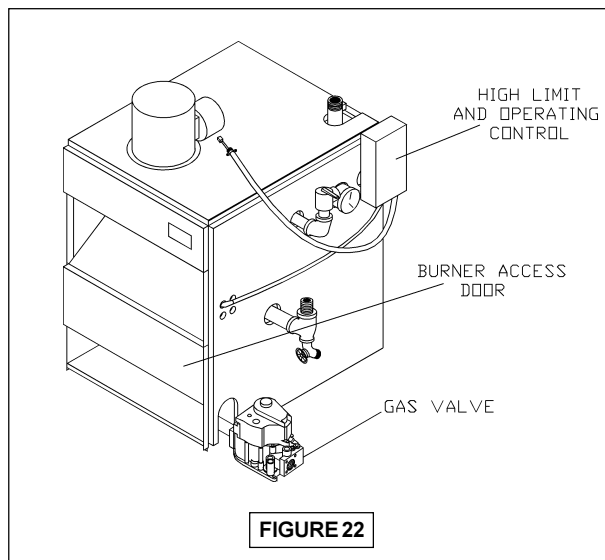
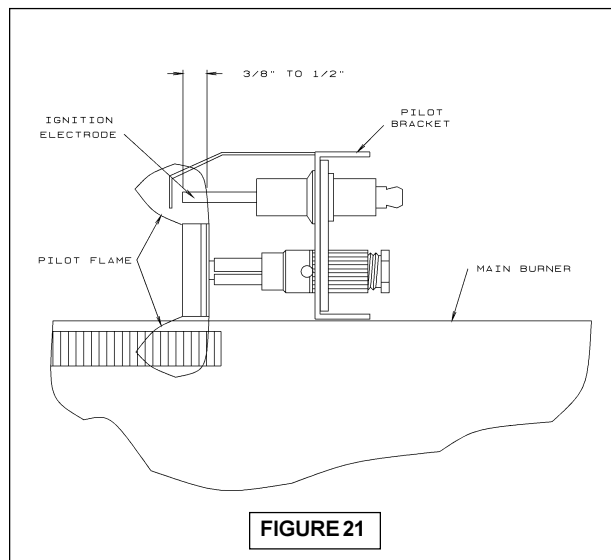
A visual check of the main burner and pilot flames should be made at the start of the heating season and again in mid-season. The main burner flame should have a well defined inner blue mantel with a lighter blue outer mantel. Check the burner throats and burner orifices for lint or dust obstruction. See figures 19 and 20 above.

The pilot flame should envelop $\frac{3}{8}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of the tip of the pilot thermocouple, ignition/sensing electrode or mercury sensor. See figure 21 on page 19. To adjust the pilot flame, remove the pilot adjustment cover screw (figures 14, 15, & 16 on pages 14 & 15), and turn the inner adjustment screw counterclockwise  to increase or clockwise  to decrease pilot flame. Be sure to replace cover screw after adjustment to prevent possible gas leakage.

The burners and pilot should be checked for signs of corrosion, rust or scale buildup. The area around the boiler must be kept clear and free of combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids.

The free flow of combustion and ventilating air to the boiler and boiler room must not be restricted or blocked.

It is recommended that a qualified service agency be employed to make an annual inspection of the boiler and heating system. They are experienced in making the inspections outlined above, and, in the event repairs or corrections are necessary, trained technicians can make the proper changes for safe operation of the boiler.




CHECKING GAS INPUT RATE TO BOILER

Gas input to the boiler can be adjusted by removing the protective cap on the pressure regulator, (See figures 14, 15, & 16 on pages 14 & 15), and turning the screw clockwise to increase input and counterclockwise to decrease input. Natural gas manifold pressure should be set at approximately 3.5 inches water column. Propane gas manifold pressure should be set at approximately 11.0 inches water column. These manifold pressures are taken at the outlet side of the gas valve. See figures 15 & 17 on pages 14 & 15. To check for proper flow of natural gas to the boiler, divide the input rate shown on the rating plate by the heating value of the gas obtained from the local gas company. This will determine the number of cubic feet of gas required per hour. With all other gas appliances off, determine the flow of gas through the meter for two minutes and multiply by 30 to get the hourly rate. Make minor adjustments to the gas input as described above.

Burner orifices should be changed if the final manifold pressure varies more than plus or minus 0.3 inches water column from the specified pressure.

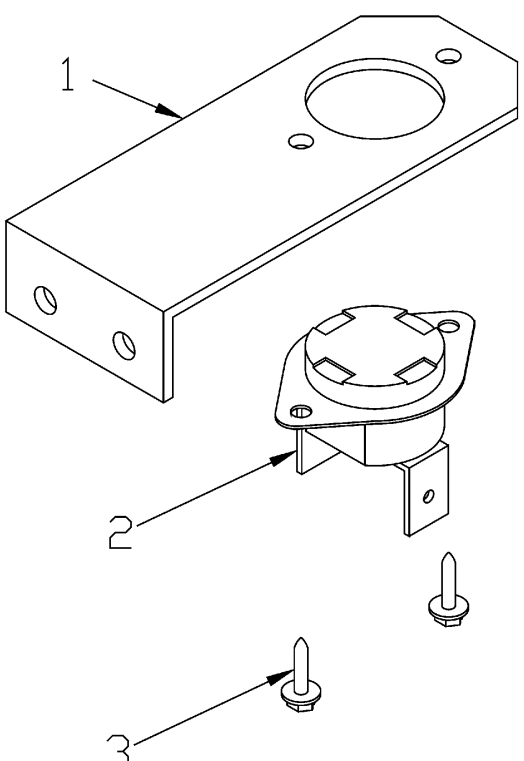
Primary air adjustment is not necessary, therefore air shutters are not furnished as standard equipment. Air shutters can be furnished on request where required by local codes or conditions.

CHECK SAFETY CONTROL CIRCUIT, after burner adjustments are made, for satisfactory operation.

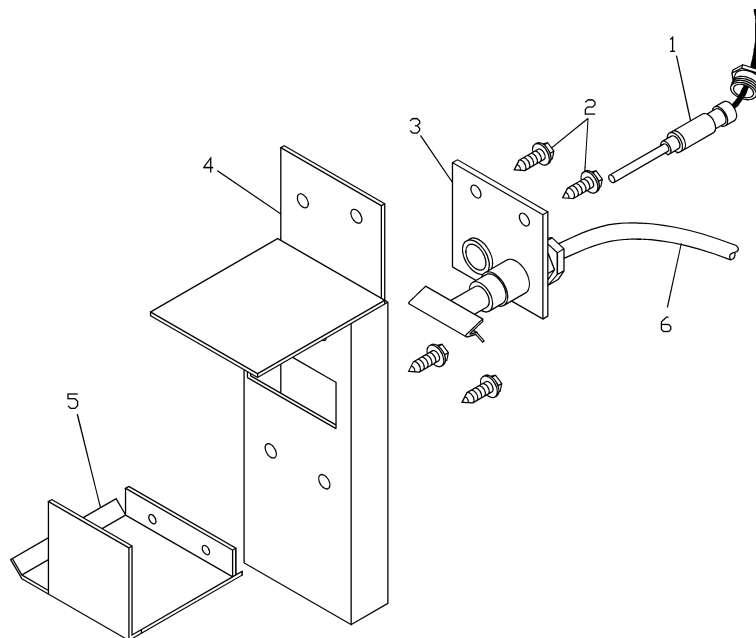
1. Pilot: With main burner operating, turn the pilot gas adjusting screw clockwise  until pilot gas is turned off. See figures 14, 15, & 16 on pages 14 & 15. Within 90 seconds the main gas control should close, shutting off the gas to the main burner.

2. High limit control (figure 22 on page 19). Remove cover and note temperature setting. Decrease this setting to minimum and operate boiler. When the boiler water temperature exceeds the control temperature setting, the control will open the circuit, closing the automatic main gas valve.

OMGB SERIES REPLACEMENT PARTS ROLLOUT & SPILL SWITCH

			
ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	HW06501	SCREW - #6 X1/4 HEX HD	2
2	3262001	TEMP. SENSOR BRACKET	1
3	AQ02101	CONTROL-FIXED TEMPERATURE THERMO (ROLLOUT SWITCH)	1
THE ROLLOUT SWITCH IS LOCATED ON THE BASE AND FLUE COLLECTOR			
NOTE: THE QUANTITIES ABOVE ARE FOR EACH SWITCH.			
FIGURE 23			

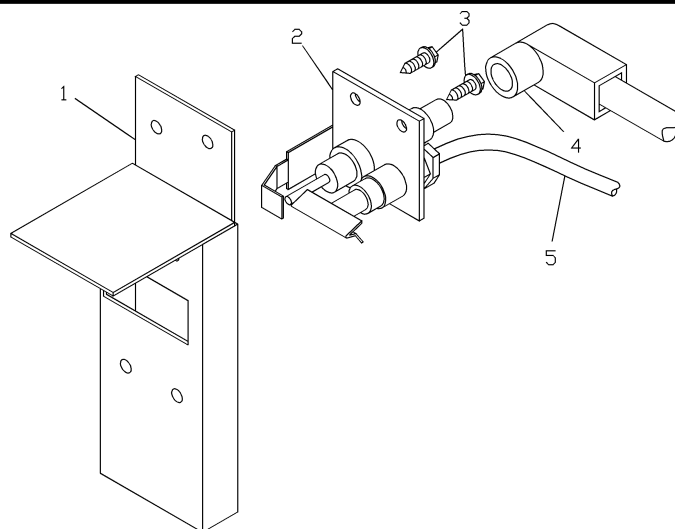
OMGB SERIES REPLACEMENT PARTS - PILOTS



ITEM #	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	1520001	THERMOCOUPLE Q309A	1
2	HW-009.01	SCREW #8-18X1/2	4
3	PB-011.03	PILOT STDG Q380 NAT	1
	PB-011.04	PILOT STDG Q380 LP	

ITEM #	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
4	32622001	PILOT BRACKET ASSY 24V (THIS INCLUDES #5 & 2 SCREWS)	1
5	3261401	PILOT SHIELD	1
6	MS-003.03	PILOT TUBE 1/4"X20.1/2" AL.	1

FIGURE 24

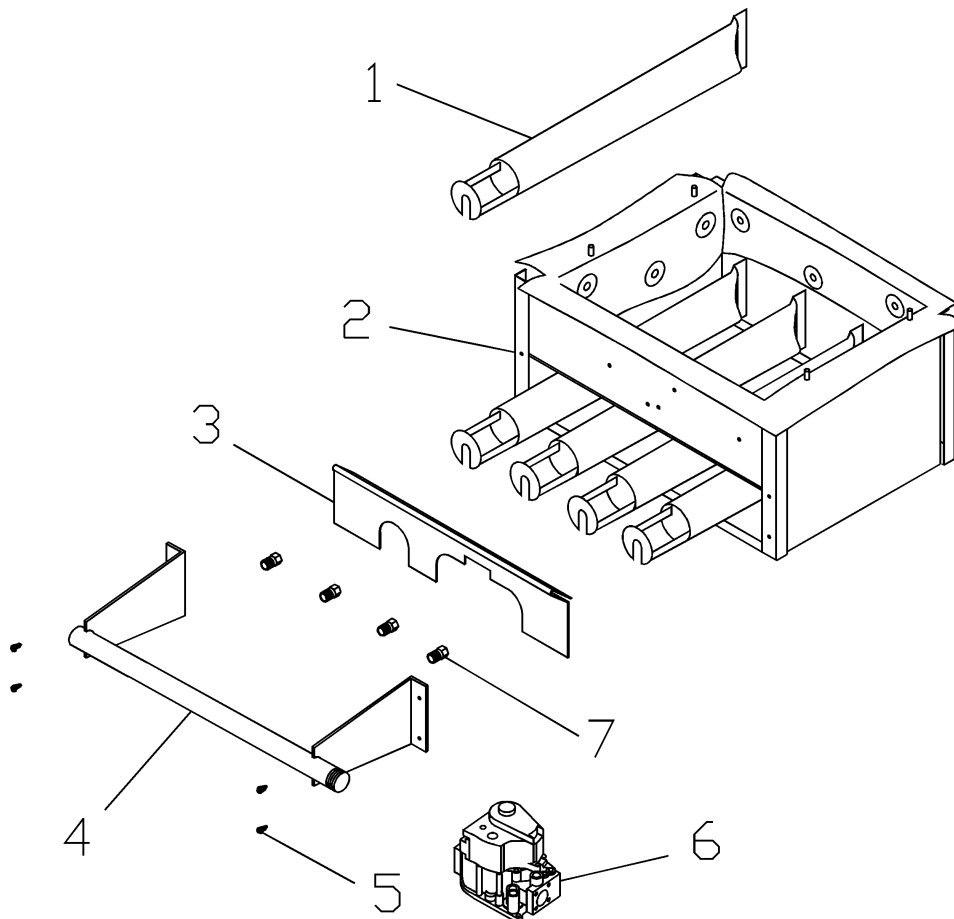


ITEM #	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	32623601	PILOT BRACKET ASSY SPARK	1
2	PB-011.01	PILOT SPARK Q381 NAT	1
	PB-011.02	PILOT SPARK Q381 LP	

ITEM #	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
3	HW-009.01	SCREWS #8-18X1/2	2
4	PB00702	PILOT IGNITION CABLE 30"	1
5	MS-003.03	PILOT TUBE 1/4"X20.1/2" AL.	1

FIGURE 25

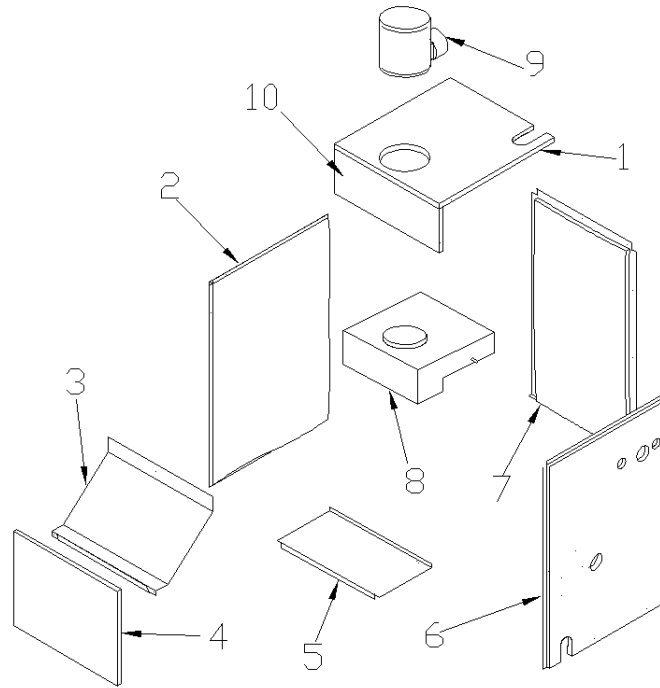
OMGB SERIES REPLACEMENT PARTS - BASE



ITEM #	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	ITEM #	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	3352401	BURNER TUBE 1.3/4"		6	VG-003.05	GAS VALVE VR8200H	1
	OMGB50 (1)	OMGB75 (2)	OMGB100 (2)			OMGB50-150 24V NAT	
	OMGB125 (3)	OMGB150 (3)	OMGB175 (4)		VG00307	GAS VALVE VR8200H	
	OMGB200 (4)	OMGB250 (5)	OMGB300 (6)			OMGB50-300 24V LP	
2	5611601	BASE W/INSUL OMGB50	1		VG01101	GAS VALVE VR8204H	
	5611602	BASE W/INSUL OMGB75&100				OMGB50-150 SPARK NAT	
	5611603	BASE W/INSUL OMGB125&150			VG01103	GAS VALVE VR8304H4	
	5611604	BASE W/INSUL OMGB175&200				OMGB175-300 SPARK NAT	
	5611605	BASE W/INSUL OMGB225&250			VG01104	GAS VALVE VR8304	
	5611606	BASE W/INSUL OMGB275&300				OMGB50-300 SPARK LP	
3	3261201	BURNER DOOR OMGB50	1		VG01201	GAS VALVE VR8300H4	
	3262701	BURNER DOOR OMGB75&100				OMGB250 & 300 24V NAT	
	3262801	BURNER DOOR OMGB125&150			VG01202	GAS VALVE VR8300H4	
	32621001	BURNER DOOR OMGB175&200				OMGB175 & 200 24V NAT	
	32621002	BURNER DOOR OMGB250		7	355-1-5.01	ORIFICE #30 24V	1
	32621003	BURNER DOOR OMGB300				OMGB50, 100, 150, 200, 250, & 300	
4	356-2-1.01	MANIFOLD OMGB50	1		355-1-5.02	ORIFICE #31 24V	
	356-2-1.02	MANIFOLD OMGB75&100				OMGB125&175	
	356-2-1.03	MANIFOLD OMGB125&150			355-1-5.03	ORIFICE #33 24V OMGB75	
	356-2-1.04	MANIFOLD OMGB175&200			355-1-5.04	ORIFICE #47 LP	
	356-2-1.05	MANIFOLD OMGB225&250				OMGB50, 100, 150, 200, 250, & 300	
	356-2-1.06	MANIFOLD OMGB275&300			355-1-5.06	ORIFICE #49 LP OMGB125&175	
5	HW-005.01	SCREW 1/4-20X1/2 SELF TAP	4		355-1-5.07	ORIFICE #50 LP OMGB75	

FIGURE 26

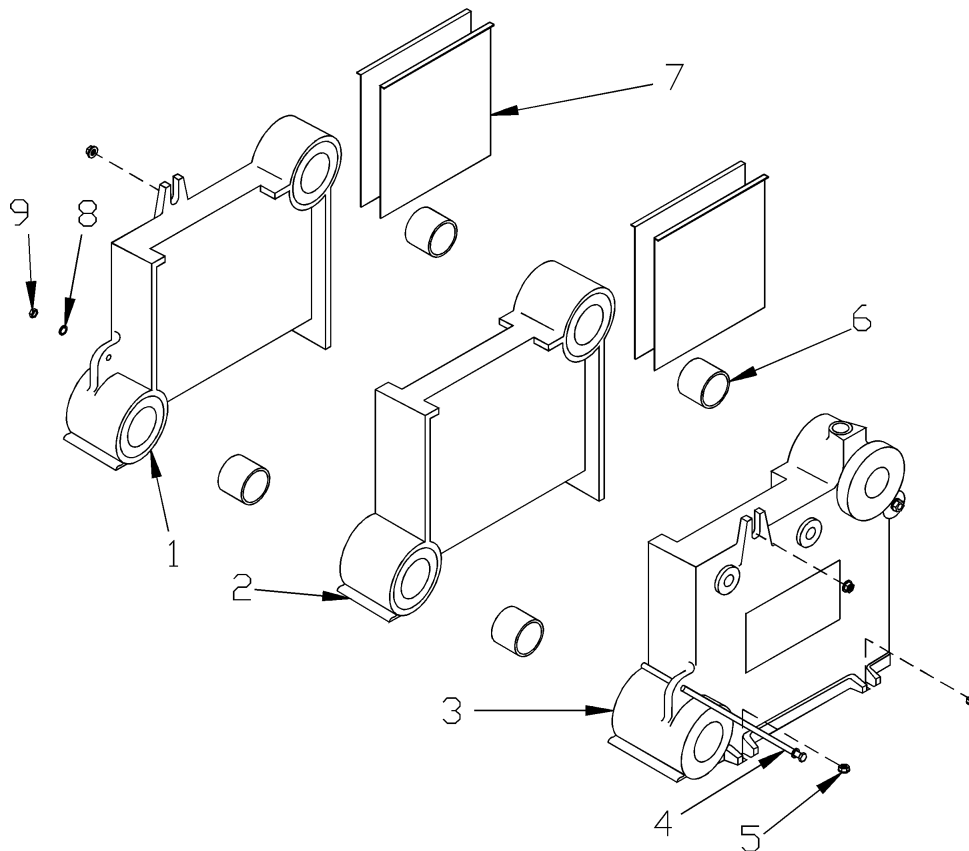
OMGB SERIES REPLACEMENT PARTS - JACKETS



ITEM #	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	ITEM #	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	31621501	PANEL - TOP OMGB50	1	6	3162705	PANEL - RIGHT OMGB50-200	1
	31621502	PANEL - TOP OMGB75 & 100			3162703	PANEL - RIGHT OMGB225-300	
	31621503	PANEL - TOP OMGB125		7	3162601	PANEL - REAR OMGB50	1
	31621504	PANEL - TOP OMGB150			3162602	PANEL - REAR OMGB75 & 100	
	31621505	PANEL - TOP OMGB175 & 200			3162603	PANEL - REAR OMGB125 & 150	
	31621506	PANEL - TOP OMGB225 & 250			3162604	PANEL - REAR OMGB175 & 200	
	31621507	PANEL - TOP OMGB275 & 300			3162605	PANEL - REAR OMGB225 & 250	
2	3162704	PANEL - LEFT OMGB225-300	1		3162606	PANEL - REAR OMGB275 & 300	
	3162706	PANEL - LEFT OMGB(L)50-200		8	3462101	FLUE COL OMGB50	1
	3162707	PANEL - LEFT OMGB(L)225-300			3462102	FLUE COL OMGB100	
	3162708	PANEL - LEFT OMGB50-200			3462103	FLUE COL OMGB150	
3	3162501	DRAFT DEFLECTOR OMGB50	1		3462104	FLUE COL OMGB200	
	3162502	DRAFT DEFLECTOR OMGB75/100			3462105	FLUE COL OMGB225 & 250	
	3162503	DRAFT DEFLECTOR OMGB125/150			3462106	FLUE COL OMGB275 & 300	
	3162504	DRAFT DEFLECTOR OMGB175/200			3462107	FLUE COL OMGB125	
	3162505	DRAFT DEFLECTOR OMGB225/250			3462108	FLUE COL OMGB75	
	3162506	DRAFT DEFLECTOR OMGB275/300			3462109	FLUE COL OMGB175	
4	3161101	PNL LWR ACCES OMGB50	1	9	1182004	DAMPER 4" OMGB50	1
	3161102	PNL LWR ACCES OMGB75/100			1182005	DAMPER 5" OMGB75	
	3161103	PNL LWR ACCES OMGB125/150			1182006	DAMPER 6" OMGB100 & 125	
	3161104	PNL LWR ACCES OMGB175/200			1182007	DAMPER 7" OMGB150 & 175	
	3161105	PNL LWR ACCES OMGB225/250			1182008	DAMPER 8" OMGB200, 225, & 250	
	3161106	PNL LWR ACCES OMGB275/300			1182009	DAMPER 9" OMGB 275 & 300	
5	3161201	PANEL - BASE OMGB50	1	10	31621201	PNL-UPPER ACCESS OMGB50	
	3161202	PANEL - BASE OMGB75 & 100			31621202	PNL-UPPER ACCESS OMGB75&100	
	3161203	PANEL - BASE OMGB125 & 150			31621203	PNL-UPPER ACCESS OMGB125	
	3161204	PANEL - BASE OMGB175 & 200			31621204	PNL-UPPER ACCESS OMGB150	
	3161205	PANEL - BASE OMGB225 & 250			31621205	PNL-UPPER ACCESS OMGB175&200	
	3161206	PANEL - BASE OMGB275 & 300			31621206	PNL-UPPER ACCESS OMGB225&250	
					31621207	PNL-UPPER ACCESS OMGB275&300	

FIGURE 27

OMGB SERIES REPLACEMENT PARTS - HEAT EXCHANGER



ITEMNO	P/N	DESCRIPTION			QTY.
1	100-2-2.01	B-LEFT HAND SECTION			1
2	100-2-1.01	B-CENTER SECTION			
	OMGB50 (0)	OMGB75 (1)	OMGB100 (1)	OMGB125 (2)	
	OMGB150 (2)	OMGB175 (3)	OMGB200 (3)	OMGB225 (4)	
	OMGB250 (4)	OMGB275 (5)	OMGB300 (5)		
3	100-2-3.01	B-RIGHT SECTION			1
4	HW-011.01	TIE ROD 1/4X11.1/2 OMGB75 & 100			2
	HW-011.03	TIE ROD 1/4X15.1/2 OMGB125 & 150			
	HW-011.05	TIE ROD 1/4X19.1/2 OMGB175 & 200			
	HW-011.07	TIE ROD 1/4X23 OMGB225 & 250			
	HW-011.09	TIE ROD 1/4X27 OMGB275 & 300			
5	HW06901	NUT 5/16-18 WISLOCK			6
6	100-1-1.01	PUSH NIPPLE #3 MACH.			
	OMGB50 (2)	OMGB75 (4)	OMGB100 (4)	OMGB125 (6)	
	OMGB150 (6)	OMGB175 (8)	OMGB200 (8)	OMGB225 (10)	
	OMGB250 (10)	OMGB275 (12)	OMGB300 (12)		
7	3461601	BAFFLE (USED ON OMGB75 & OMGB175 ONLY)			
	OMGB75(4) 2 per flueway	OMGB175 (4) 1 per flueway			
8	HW-008.01	WASH-5/16 FLAT STL ZP			4
9	HW-003.02	NUT-1/4-20 HEX-STL ZP			2
FULLY ASSEMBLED HEAT EXCHANGERS					
	100-2-7.01	HEAT EXCHANGER 3 SECTION			
	100-2-7.02	HEAT EXCHANGER 4 SECTION			
	100-2-7.03	HEAT EXCHANGER 5 SECTION			
	100-2-7.04	HEAT EXCHANGER 6 SECTION			
	100-2-7.05	HEAT EXCHANGER 7 SECTION			
	100-2-7.06	HEAT EXCHANGER 2 SECTION			

FIGURE 28

OMGB SERIES REPLACEMENT PARTS PIPING & CONTROLS

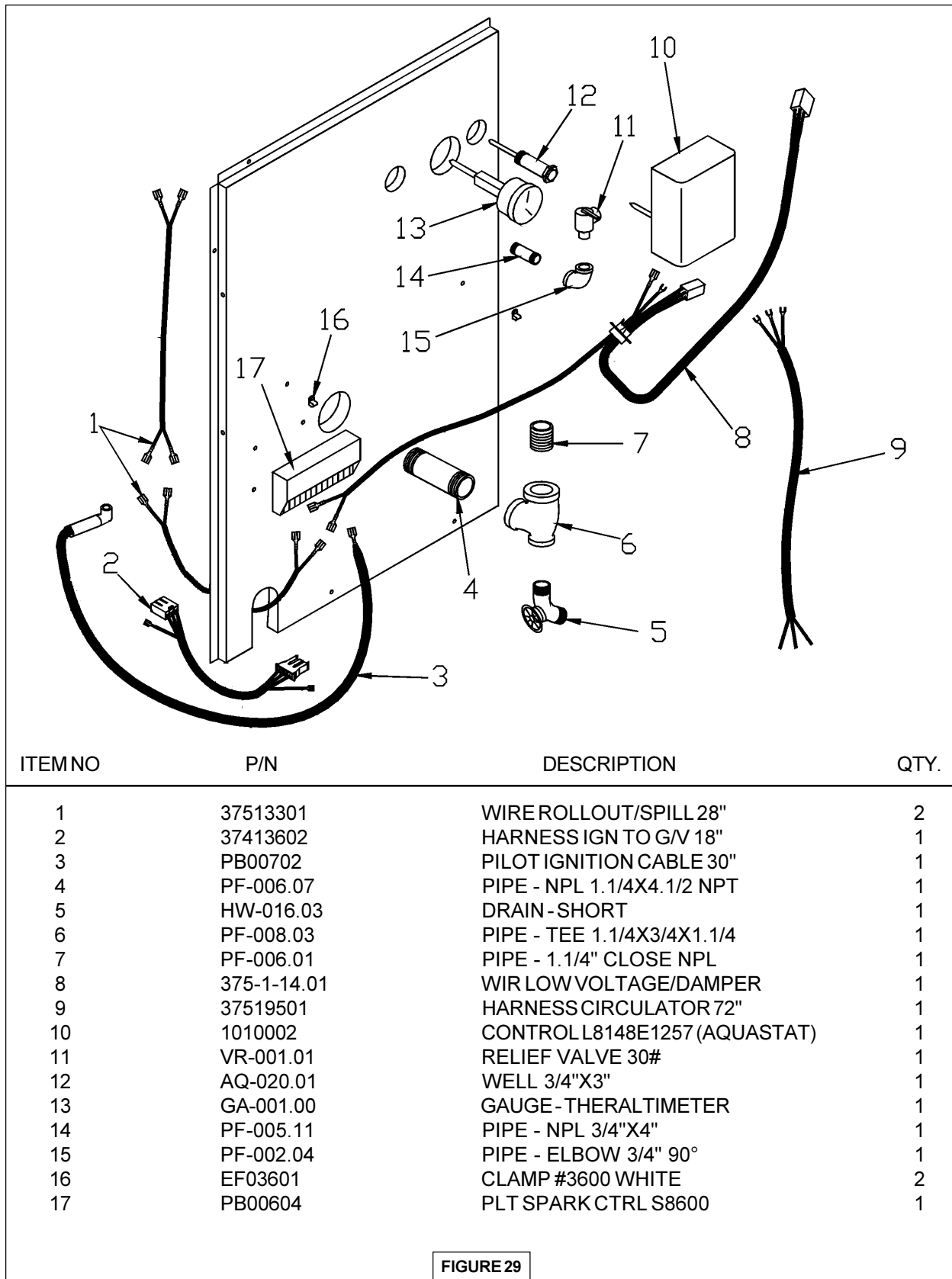


FIGURE 29

RATINGS AND DATA NATURAL GAS AND PROPANE GAS

Boiler No.	§ A.G.A. Input Btu/Hr.	§ Heating Capacity Btu/Hr.	§ ** I=B=R NetOutput Btu/Hr	† NetRating Sq. Ft. HW @ 170°	No. of Burners	Δ Recommended Air Cushion Tank	Natural Gas Orifice Drill Size	Propane Orifice Drill Size	Water Content (Gals.)
OMGB 50	50,000	42,000	37,000	243	1	15	30	47	2.4
OMGB 75	75,000	63,000	55,000	365	2	15	33	50	4.0
OMGB 100	100,000	83,000	72,000	481	2	30	30	47	4.0
OMGB 125	125,000	104,000	90,000	603	3	30	31	49	5.6
OMGB 150	150,000	124,000	108,000	719	3	30	30	47	5.6
OMGB 175	175,000	143,000	124,000	829	4	30	31	49	7.2
OMGB 200	200,000	165,000	143,000	957	4	30	30	47	7.2
OMGB 250	250,000	205,000	178,000	1189	5	30	30	47	8.8
OMGB 300	299,999	243,000	214,000	1368	6	60	30	47	10.4

STANDARD EQUIPMENT: Boiler Jacket, Cast Iron Boiler Battery, Combination Aquastat Relay, Theraltimeter Gauge, Circulator with return piping to boiler, Main Gas Burners, Combination 24 Volt Gas Control (includes automatic gas valve, gas pressure regulator, automatic pilot, safety shutoff, pilot flow adjustment, pilot filter), A.S.M.E. Relief Valve, Drain Cock, Spill Switch, Rollout Switch, Automatic Vent damper. Not shown are a wiring harness, thermocouple, and non-linting safety pilot.

OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT: Intermittent Electric Ignition Pilot System.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

--All boilers are design certified for installation on noncombustible floor.

--For installation on combustible floors use combustible floor kit.

--Recommended chimney height 20 feet. In special cases where conditions permit, chimney height may be reduced to 10 feet. Refer to the latest revision of NFGC part 11.

--Electric service to be 120 Volts, 15 Amps, 60 Hz.

--The MEA number for the OMGB series boiler is 19-79 Vol. II

§ For elevations above 2000 feet, ratings should be reduced at a rate of 4% for each 1000 feet above sea level.

Δ Tank sized for non-ferrous baseboard or radiant panel systems. Increase size for cast iron baseboard and radiation.

† Base on 170° temperature in radiators.

--Net I=B=R ratings include 15% allowance for normal piping and pick-up load. Manufacturer should be consulted on installations having other than normal piping and pick-up requirements.

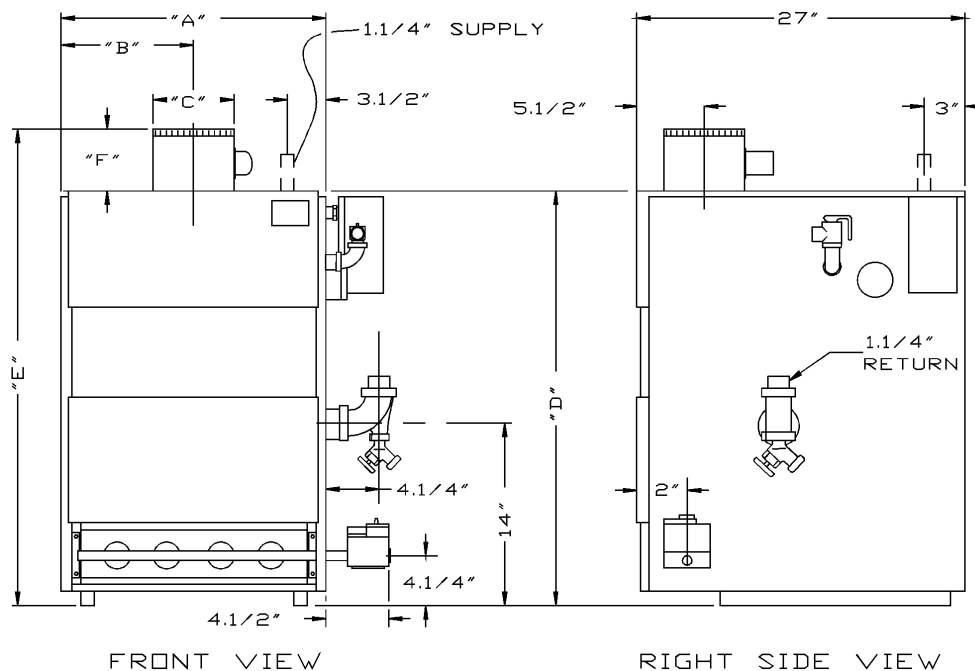
**For equivalent square feet of radiation, divide I=B=R output by 150.

OMGB SERIES

DIMENSIONS FOR NATURAL GAS AND PROPANE GAS

Boiler No.	* Natural Gas Inlet	Dimensions						Pump size Supply & Return Tappings
		A	B	C	D	E	F	
OMGB 50	1/2"	11.1/8"	5.1/2"	4"	30.3/4"	36.1/4"	6"	1.1/4"
OMGB 75	1/2"	15	7.1/2"	5"	30.3/4"	37.3/4"	6"	1.1/4"
OMGB 100	1/2"	15	7.1/2"	6"	30.3/4"	37.1/4"	6.1/2"	1.1/4"
OMGB 125	1/2"	18.7/8"	9.1/2"	6"	30.3/4"	37.1/4"	6.1/2"	1.1/4"
OMGB 150	1/2"	18.7/8"	9.1/2"	7"	30.3/4"	37.3/4"	7"	1.1/4"
OMGB 175	1/2"	22.3/4"	11.3/8"	7"	30.3/4"	38.3/4"	7"	1.1/4"
OMGB 200	1/2"	22.3/4"	11.3/8"	8"	30.3/4"	38.3/4"	8"	1.1/4"
OMGB 250	3/4"	26.5/8"	13.1/4"	8"	32.3/4"	40.3/4"	8"	1.1/4"
OMGB 300	3/4"	30.1/2"	15.1/4"	9"	32.3/4"	42.3/4"	10"	1.1/4"

* Propane gas inlet, all units, 1/2"



Olsen
Heating & Cooling Products